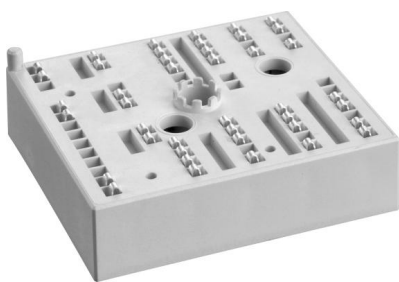


SKiiP 25AC126V1



MiniSKiiP® 2

3-phase bridge inverter

SKiiP 25AC126V1

Features

- Fast Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications

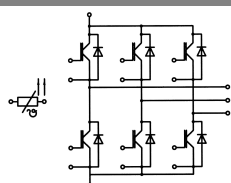
- Inverter up to 28 kVA
- Typical motor power 15 kW

Remarks

- V_{CEsat} , V_F = chip level value

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_s = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
IGBT - Inverter			
V_{CES}	$T_s = 25\text{ (70) °C}$ $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$	1200	V
I_C		73 (55)	A
I_{CRM}		100	A
V_{GES}		± 20	V
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	°C
Diode - Inverter			
I_F	$T_s = 25\text{ (70) °C}$ $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$	62 (46)	A
I_{FRM}		100	A
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	°C
I_{tRMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	100	A
T_{stg}	$T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$	- 40 ... + 125	°C
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

Characteristics		$T_s = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT - Inverter					
V_{CEsat}	$I_{Cnom} = 50\text{ A}$, $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		1,7 (2)	2,1 (2,4)	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
$V_{CE(TO)}$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		1 (0,9)	1,2 (1,1)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		14 (22)	18 (26)	mΩ
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		3,7		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0,8		nF
C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0,7		nF
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		0,55		K/W
$t_{d(on)}$	under following conditions		85		ns
t_r	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$		30		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_{Cnom} = 50\text{ A}$, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$		440		ns
t_f	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 12\text{ Ω}$		90		ns
E_{on}	inductive load		5,8		mJ
E_{off}			6,5		mJ
Diode - Inverter					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_{Fnom} = 50\text{ A}$, $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		1,6 (1,6)	1,8 (1,8)	V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		1 (0,8)	1,1 (0,9)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		12 (16)	14 (18)	mΩ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode		1		K/W
I_{RRM}	under following conditions		71		A
Q_{rr}	$I_{Fnom} = 50\text{ A}$, $V_R = 600\text{ V}$		11,5		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ $di_F/dt = 1900\text{ A/μs}$		5,1		mJ
Temperature Sensor					
R_{ts}	3 %, $T_r = 25\text{ (100) °C}$		1000(1670)		Ω
Mechanical Data					
m			65		g
M_s	Mounting torque	2		2,5	Nm



AC

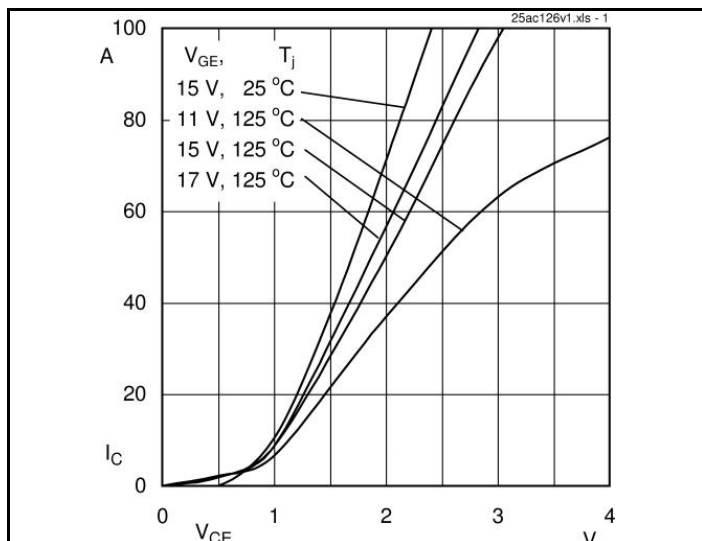


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristic

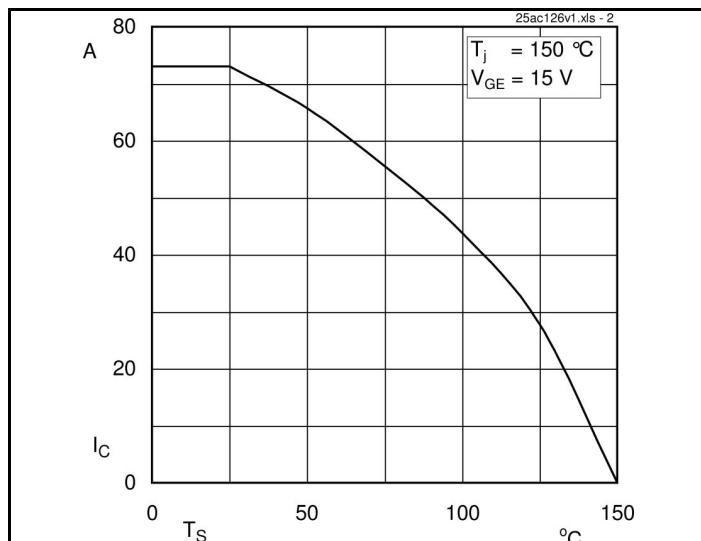


Fig. 2 Typ. rated current vs. temperature

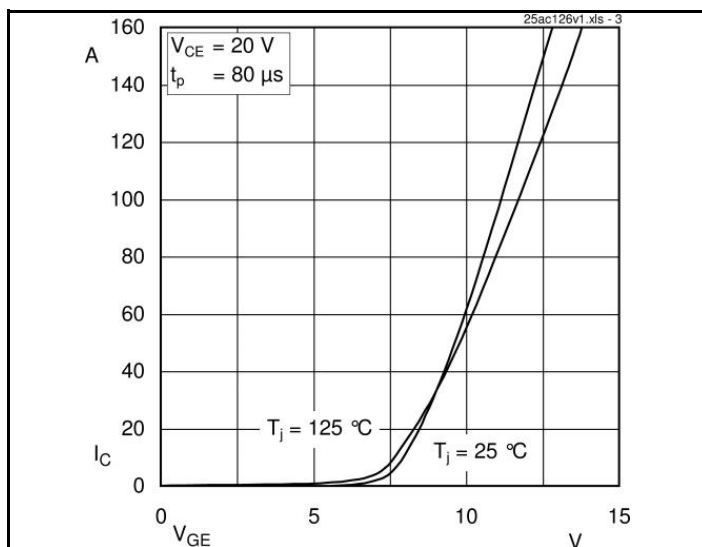


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristic

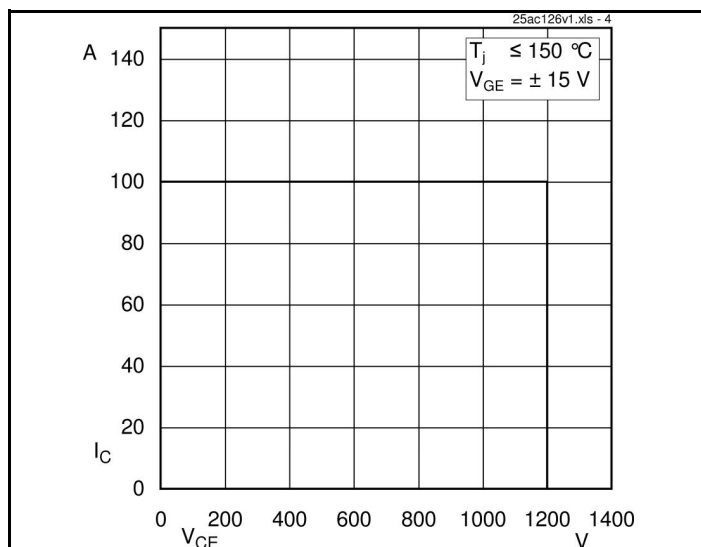


Fig. 4 Reverse bias safe operating area

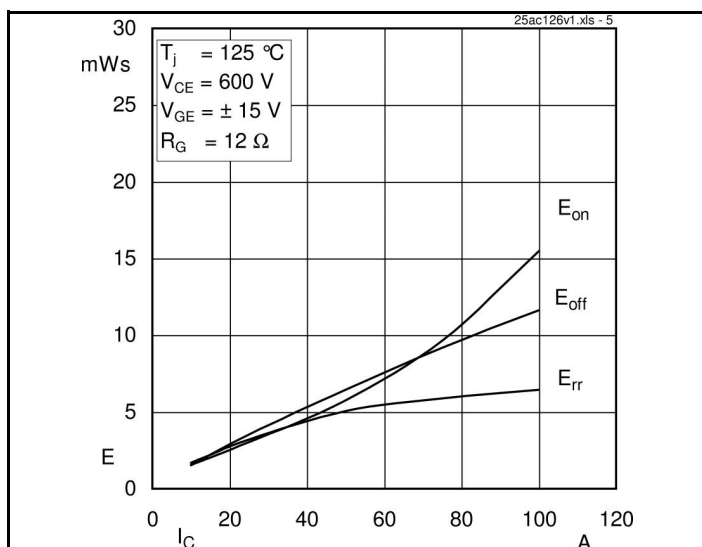


Fig. 5 Typ. Turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_C)$

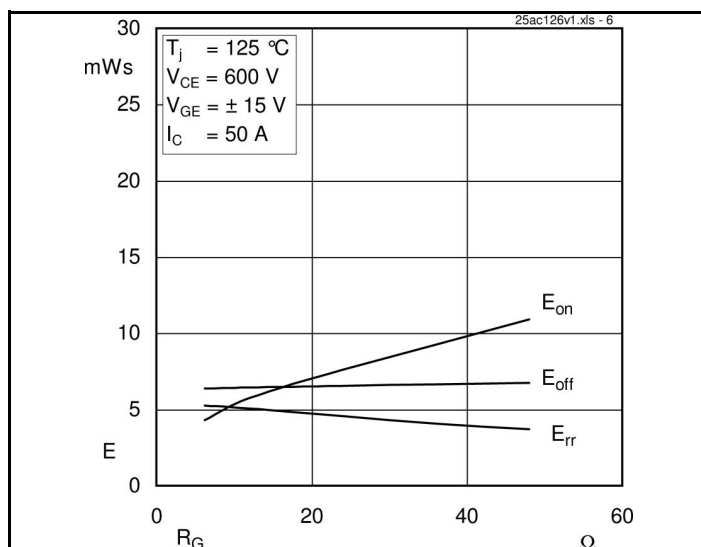
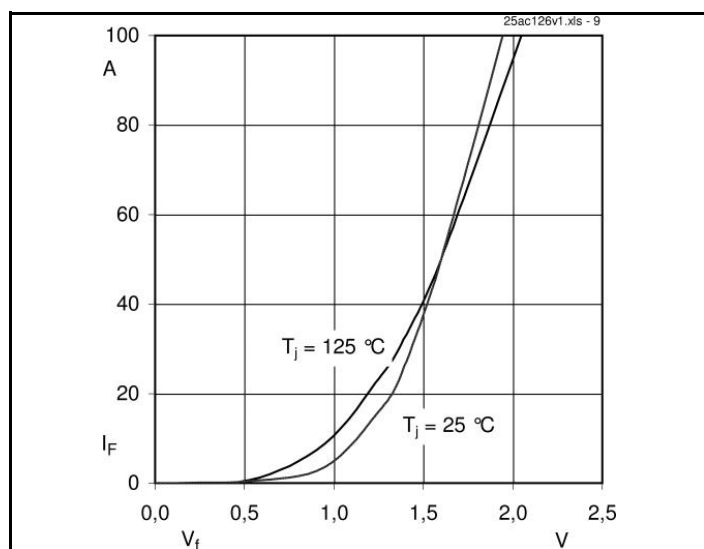
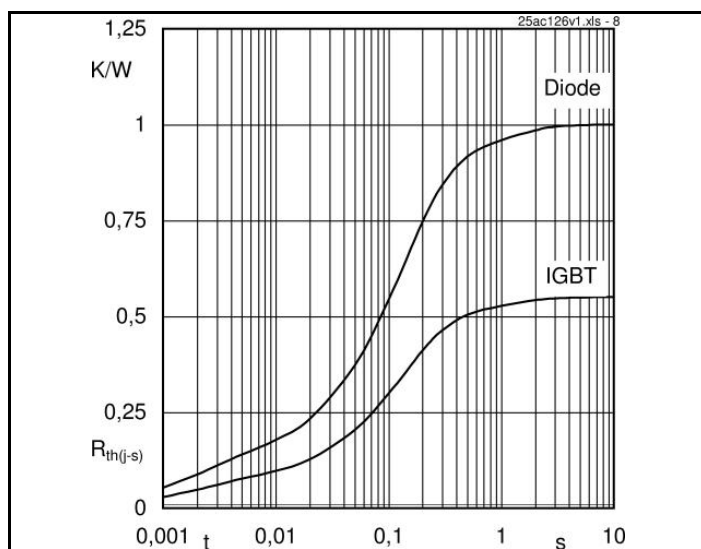
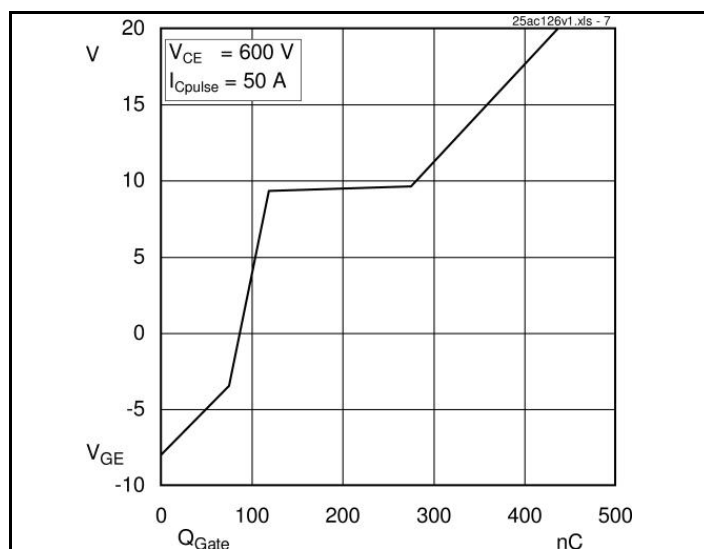
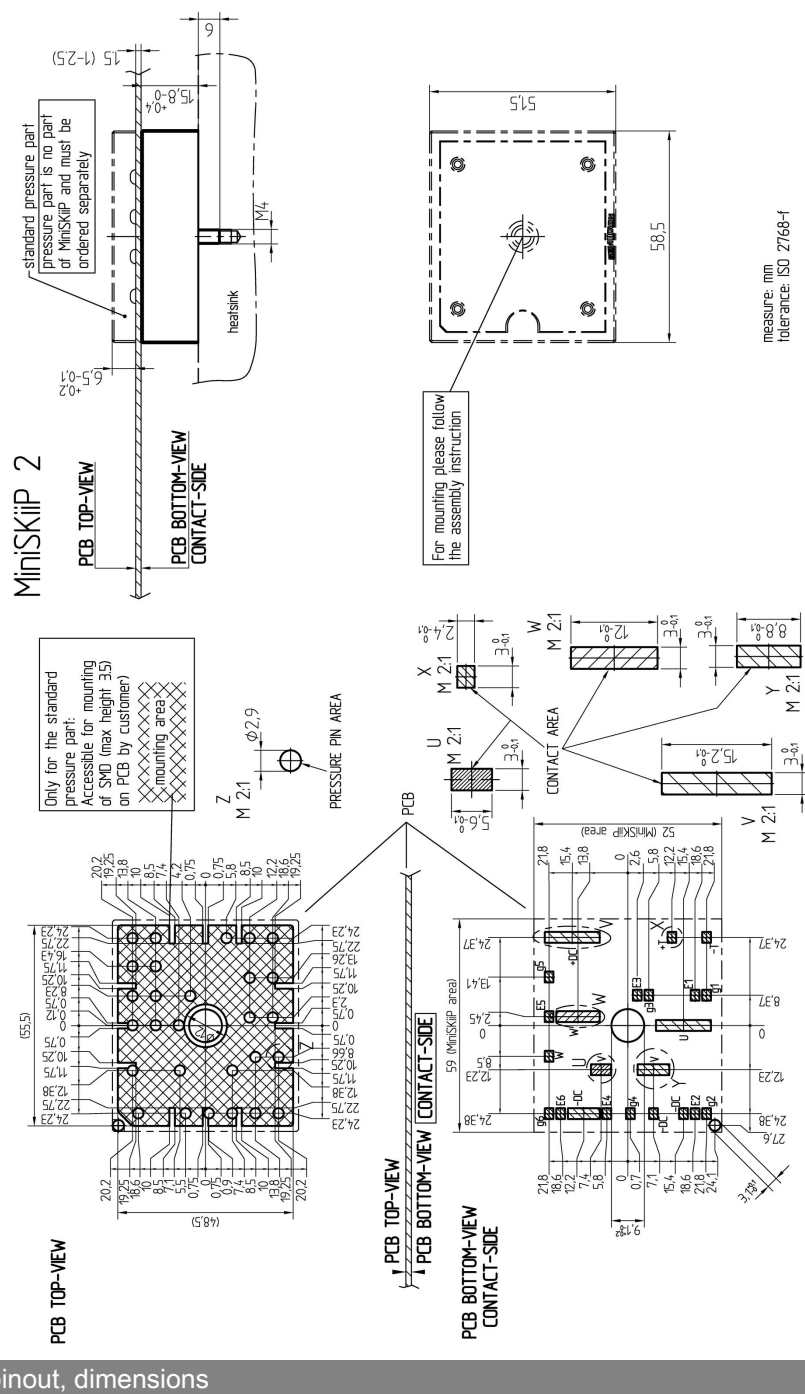
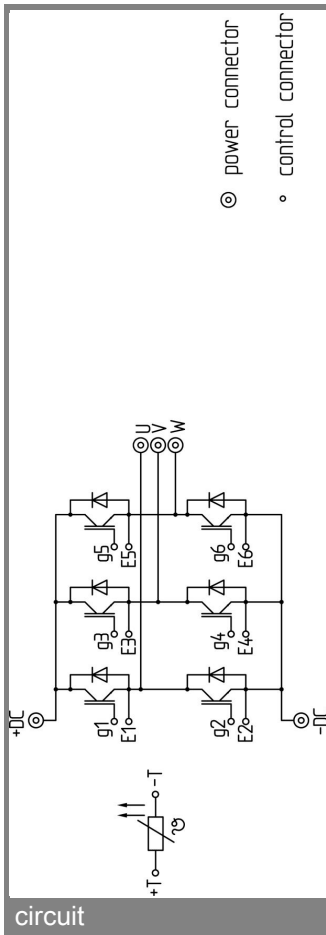


Fig. 6 Typ. Turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$





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This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

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